Systematic Instruction: Task Analysis, Task Design, and Strategies to Teach to Independence

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TWO YEARS OF ONE TO ONE SUPPORT

236 HOURS OF SUPPORT

HOW DO YOU SOLVE A \$17,760 PROBLEM?

6 HOURS=\$450

SYSTEMATIC INSTRUCTION AND LONG TERM SUPPORTS

- Task Analysis Thinking
- Task Design
- Teaching Strategies
- Tools for long term supports



Task analysis is the process of breaking down a task into smaller, more manageable components

Szidon, K., & Franzone, E. (2009). Task Analysis. Madison, WI: National Professional Development Center on Autism Spectrum Disorders, Waisman Center, University of Wisconsin.

When have you used this?

THE CHECKLIST MANFESTO

HOW TO GET THINGS RIGHT



Sifist. Steps Cues F Ma

step /step/: An action that one does to complete a task or a link of a skill chain

INSERT VIDEO HERE

step	
Call out r	name of coffee or customer
place cup	o on bar
immedia	tely pour coffee onto hot water in cup
push sto	p on both timer and coffee machine
run macł	hine until timer shows 30- seconds
at same t	time, push timer and coffee machine ON
put Porto	o filter on machine
use tamp	per to give one push into coffee grounds in Porto filte
turn grin	der on and hold filter until machine stops
hold Port	to filter under grinding machine spout
turn coff	ee machine on, cycle hot water
Empty ar	nd clean Porto filter
Fill cup w	/ith hot water, put next to coffee machine

cue /kyoō/:

A signal to a performer to begin an action, a hint or indication about how to behave in a particular interaction, or a reminder to do something.

number	cue	step										
13	Customer takes coffee	Call out name of coffee or customer										
12	coffee is ready, waiting for customer	place cup on bar										
11	crème on coffee	immediately pour coffee onto hot water in cup										
10	timer stops, coffee stops	push stop on both timer and coffee machine										
9	coffee shot full, trimer says 30- seconds	run machine until timer shows 30- seconds										
8	timer is counting, coffee is dripping	at same time, push timer and coffee machine ON										
7	machine set and ready for operation	put Porto filter on machine										
6	no loose grounds	use tamper to give one push into coffee grounds in Porto filter										
5	grinder stops, Porto filter full	turn grinder on and hold filter until machine stops										
4	Porto filter, empty and clean, under spout	hold Porto filter under grinding machine spout										
3	water is running through machine	turn coffee machine on, cycle hot water										
2	Clean Porto filter in hand	Empty and clean Porto filter										
1	Cup filled, next to coffee	Fill cup with hot water, put next to coffee machine										
	Customer orders coffee											

25																						
24		_25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	
23		_24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	
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17		. 18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	1 11	3 18	8 1	8
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15		16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	10	5 10	5 10	5 1	6 1	6 1	16
14		.15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	18	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	15 1	15
		.14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	1 1	4 1.	4 1	4 1	14	14
13 Parts in bin	Pick up bearing and place on table	.13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	1:	3 1	3 1	3 5	8-6	B	B
12 Bearing on table	Place hex nut in one bearing corner	.12	12	12	12	12	12	12	32	12	32	12	12	12	12	- 31		26	21	12 1	12	12
11 Mut in one corner	Place hex nut in second corner	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	x	w	11	и	14	34	G) 1	6	N x	1	HT 3	и	и
10 Nuts in two corners	Place hex nut in third corner	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	Ge	2 10	10	Ge	1 10	Au	1/2	-		ler .	I	10
9 Nuts in three corners	Place cam base in bearing	9	9	9	a	8	0	a	ø	a	10	S	_@	~	Sec. 1	Y	1	~ ~	~	~ `	~	a
8 Cam in bearing	Place roller in bearing	8	8	8	B	ø	2	8	(8)	d	8	~	8	~	~			2	~	~	-	8
7 Roller in bearing	Place red spring in bearing	-	T	-	P	e v	2	12	R	2		- 2				-		_		-	0	8
6 Red spring placed	Rotate bearing and cam 180°		â	al	-	~	~	X	-	-	-	-	-	-						+	Ŧ	*
5 Bearing rotated	Place roller in bearing	-	2	Ã	~	~	~	e		-0			8					8 1	· .	8	.8	6
4 Roller in bearing	Place green spring in bearing	5	5	(5)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5			5 4	5	8	8	5
3 Green spring placed	Wipe bearing with cloth	Ø	×	4	×	A	A	*	*	A	A	A	A	A	- 4		r .	× .	×	A	*	*
		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2		3 -	3	3	3	3	3
2 Bearing cleaned	Place camed bearing in bag	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		r	2	2	2		2

The Task Analysis: Self graphing magic!



Task Design Considerations

When do we start considering Task Design?



The Purpose of Task Design: To determine the most appropriate way for the learner to complete the task

-Teri Johnson

Purpose of Task Design: Determining the most appropriate method for completing task

"Most appropriate" will depend

- What is current design? Has work been standardized?
- Changes to accommodate physical ease and efficiency?
- Designed to support learning and independence?
- Opportunity to determine performance standards: What are expectations for accuracy, productivity, conduct?

Performance standards establish clear expectations

Identified tasks are completed on time and accurately?

•With level of supervision as agreed upon; including reasonable accommodation ?

•While maintaining Service Standards / Code of Conduct

CAUTION: Avoid setting <u>higher</u> standard – look closely at the workplace culture.

WHAT ABOUT SENSORY ISSUES?

Research:

Researchers at Vanderbilt University Medical Center finds that children with autism live in a world that resembles a badly-dubbed foreign movie. They struggle to integrate what they see and what they hear. MARK JOHNSON, MILWAUKEE JOURNAL SENTINE/MCT January 16, 2014

Stevenson, R. A., Siemann, J. K., Schneider, B. C., Eberly, H. E., Woynaroski, T. G., Camarata, S. M., & Wallace, M. T. (2014). Multisensory Temporal Integration in Autism Spectrum Disorders. *The Journal of Neuroscience*, *34*(3), 691-697.

Sensory Analysis

Chapter 4 "Hiding and Seeking" in Temple Grandin's book: "The Autistic Brain"





Teaching to independence (or interdependence?)

WHY IS SUPPORT NEEDED AT WORK?

- 1) The person needs help learning the job.
- 2) The person needs help communicating on the job.
- 3) The person needs help understanding social rules on the job.
- 4) The person needs help in adjusting and accommodating the environment or task to meet individualized needs.

WHAT ARE SOME REASONS THAT SOMEONE COULD LOOSE THEIR JOB?

- 1) The person can not do the job.
- 2) The person no longer wants the job.
- 3) The person's accommodations do not fit the job as tasks or environments change.

THE POWER OF VISUALIZING COMMUNICATION

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9 Seconds

It can take unexpected textual info 9 seconds to process through the brain. We process visuals **60,000 times faster than text**

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The American attention span in the year 2000

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The American attention span in 2016



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The American attention span in 2016

9 Seconds

The goldfish attention span

Textual Description

a curved line with every point equal distance from the center



Textual Description

a curved line with every point equal distance from the center

- Complete more tasks by themselves therefore increasing their independence
- Learn more rapidly
- Demonstrate decreased levels of frustration, anxiety, and aggression related to task completion
- Adjust more readily to changes in their environments

Koyama & Wang, 2011; Savner & Myles, 2000

WHY VISUAL SUPPORTS?

THE WORLD IS FULL OF SUPPORTS

100





WHAT IS YOUR FAVORITE THING AT THE NORTH DAKOTA STATE FAIR? LEST WEEK PIZZA WITHOUT RANCH WOND

SOME TOOLS TO CONSIDER:

- Social Narratives: Social stories, social comics, power cards
- Schedules: Individualized and sometimes never have been used before
- Visual Supports: we are playing catch-up
- Self- Monitoring or gamification: Loves video games? GREAT!
- Universal apps: 40%, 35%; focus on general applications, not disability specific